Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1953 [No. 1

PART III—Section 1

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

Dated 26th December 1952.

o. Fl. B. 11310—C.R. 1-52-21. In exercise of the wers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 read with icle 313 of the Constitution of India, the Rajpramukh Mysore is pleased to make the following further amendnts to the Mysore Service Regulations, namely :—

In Appendix 'A' "the Revised Pension Rules," in sub- (i) of Rule 9, for the word "January" the word "April" l be substituted.

By Order and in the name of the Rajpramukh,

5

Official Memorandum.

Dated 26th December 1952.

REVISED PENSION RULES.

No. Fl. (B) 11312-11432—C.R. 32-52-2. There have, late, been many enquiries regarding the option to be ercised in favour of old rules or the Revised Pension ules contained in Notification No. Fl. (B) 7337-7437— R. 32-52-1, dated the 4th October 1952.

2 The concession of opting to the old rules has been extended to those officers in superior service who have been holding permanent pensionable appointments from any day before the 1st day of April 1952.

3 This concession of opting out to the old pension rules, was granted with a view to mitigate any hardships that might be felt by certain officials on the verge of retirement; and the same was not intended for officials with a sufficient length of service who could exercise their option in favour of the Revised Pension Rules, and enjoy the benefit of these Rules.

4 The beneficial feature of the Revised Pension Rules is that, immediately after retirement, an officer is entitled to get a lumpsum cash gratuity in addition to his pension. This cash gratuity is given to him automatically (even without medical examination which is insisted upon in the case of commutation of pension under the Old Pension Rules), and is granted with an intention to benefit him at a critical time when the official will be in need of financial aid.

5 A further benefit in the Scheme is that in the event of death of the officer after retirement, half the pension sanctioned for him at the time of retirement will be granted as "Family Pension" to the person nominated, for the unexpired portion of five years from the date of retirement.

6 In the event of death of the officer while in service, the double benefit of family pension and gratuity is extended to the family of the deceased, if he has put in a service of twenty years and over.

A special benefit under the Revised Pension Rules is that a nomination can be made by all officers completing five years of service for payment of pension and gratuity in favour of one or more members of his family.

In view of the beneficial features of the Revised sion Rules, Government desire to impress on all officers desirability of their exercising their option in favour of new rules, in the paramount interest of their families.

With a view to allowing some time to all officials to ely decide in favour of the New Pension Rules taking o view the several benefits offered thereunder and the tection afforded to the families of officers, *the time limit exercising the option has been extended till 1st April* 53.

9 The following are the instances where officials automatically come under the Revised Pension Rules and in such cases a specific declaration by them is not necessary.

(a) All Officials in inferior service.
(b) Officials not holding permanent pensionable appointments from any day before the first day of April 1952.
(c) Officials who may be confirmed hereafter with retrospective effect from a date prior to 1st April 1952.

Officers eligible for exercising the option in favour of the old rules, shall also automatically come under the Revised Pension Rules, if by 1st April 1953 they do not exercise such option in writing, as required by paragraph 9 (ii) of Section VII of the Revised Pension Rules.

10 Priced printed copies of the Revised Pension Rules are available in the Press and the Heads of Departments may obtain copies thereof and guide their subordinates in using their discretion to the exercise of the option within the period now extended.

M. SHAMANNA,
Secretary to Government,
7151 *Finance Department.*

REVENUE SECRETARIAT

No. L.B. 4772—A.D.C. 5-52-5, dated 13th September 1952.

Whereas it appears to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose to wit, for the extension of Adikarnataka hatti.

Notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 4 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Mysore Act No. VII of 1894), and His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore hereby authorises the Deputy Commissioner,.....to exercise the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of Section 4 of the said Act.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the said Act, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore directs that in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the said Act shall not apply to the acquisition of lands specified below.

Chitaldrug District, Davangere Taluk, Kasaba Hobli, Avergere Village.

Avergere, K.No. 209, in the khate of Uppara Rangappa, and in the anubhava of Kakkaragollada Shivaji Rao, and bounded on the North by Road, South by Talawar Tumbigere Kariyappa's Khana, East by Kurubara Nagappa's Khana, and West by Government site, the area required being 210 Square yards.

Avergere, K. No. 211, in the khate of Thuruvanna, son of Siddappa, and in the anubhava of (1) Eswarappa, son of Nanjundappa, (2) Rangappa, son of Sakrappa, (3) Kenchavva mother Kengavva, and bounded on the North by Road, South by Road, East by Syabanur Rudrappa's house and khana, and West by Kurabara Kariyappa's khana, the area required being 1,200 Sq. yards.

Avergere, K. No. 212, in the khate and anubhava of Kasala Sivarama Setty, Govindappa, son of Venkappa, and bounded on the North by A. K. Kenchayya's khana, South by Road, East by Road, and West by Madli Katte Sangappa's khana, the area required being 225 Square yards.

Avergere, K. No. 213, in the khate and anubhava of Kariyappa, son of Satyappa, and bounded on the North by Road, South by Road, East by K. No. 211, and West by Road, the area required being 1,612½ Square yards.

Avergere, K. No. 214 in the khate of A. K. Dodda Kenchappa, and in the anubhava of (1) A. K. Dodda Kenchappa, (2) Durgappa, son of Hittappa, and bounded on the North by Adikarnataka Hatti, South by K. No. 212, East by Road, and West by Madli Katte Sangappa's khana, the area required being 1,800 Square yards.

No. L.B. 4773—A.D.C. 5-52-6, dated 13th September 1952.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Mysore Act No. VII